



E-mobility I – Clean Public Transport  
30 November 2021

# Good Practice: Upgrading the trolleybus system and procuring new e-busses for the City of Brasov, Romania



**Sava CHISER, counsellor**  
Regional Development Agency CENTRU  
RO



**Interreg  
Europe**



European Union | European Regional Development Fund



## Priority 4 ROP 2021-2027

### PO2, So 4.b (viii) Promoting sustainable multimodal urban mobility

- *Development of clean urban infrastructure: development of sustainable urban mobility paths, cycling infrastructure, pedestrian planning, the introduction of bike-sharing systems, monitoring systems, etc., including existing publicly owned utility infrastructure.*

- *Developing and optimising public transport through investments in rolling stock and related transport infrastructure;*

- *Development of alternative fuel infrastructures;*

- *Development of urban mobility management systems such as traffic management systems, mobility applications, park & ride systems, etc.*

#### **Targets - 2029**

*Capacity of environmentally friendly rolling stock for collective public transport – 15.000 (RCO 57)*

*150 electric buses*

*Km bicycle lanes – 160 km (RCO58)*

*20 charging stations (RCO59)*

*5 digitalised mobility systems (RCO 60)*





# Good Practice: City of Brasov, Romania

At the level of the Center Region, within the E-MOB project:

There is a working group consisting of county seat town halls, town halls funded on ROP axes for mobility, public transport companies, development associations; Target policy instrument: Regional Operational Program 2014-2020, Priority Axis 4 - Supporting sustainable urban development – the Brasov future developments in the field of electrification were debated also here, in this group.

**City of Brasov's objectives: to have full ecological transport in Brasov city (inside city limits) by 2027-2028 (trolleybuses, E-buses, Hybrid buses)**

**Also, all the metropolitan train lines will be operated by electric trains ( and where the line is not electrified, battery operated engines are taken into consideration ) – by 2030**

**An ambitious idea is also to reinstall the tram lines inside the city, but this is probably a long time design and preparation.**





# Good Practice: City of Brasov, Romania

**Two major lines of action – renew the fleet of trolleybuses and replacing the diesel buses with E-buses and some Hybrids**

**from**



**to**



**and from**



**to**





# Good Practice: City of Brasov, Romania

## **Upgrading the trolleybus system in Braşov, Romania**

- 1. The decline \* of trolleybus system in Brasov – from 30 operational in 2014 to 19 in 2019**
- 2. Starting the renewal of the fleet : 26 articulated trolleybuses operational in April 2021, 51 in December 2021 ( all 18 m trolleybuses has been delivered, the last 25 are in test procedures)**
- 3. Trolleybuses procurement - 2 procurement procedures awarded to Solaris Bus&Coach, Poland, with electric traction system by Skoda Electric, Czech Republic**

***\* Brasov had in 1987 one of the most electrified urban transport in Romania, with 209 trolleybuses and 20 trams, out of a total of 465 vehicles***





# Good Practice: City of Brasov, Romania

## Technical data –trolleybuses

- Electric traction system by Skoda Electric
- Range without catenary: min. 5 km
- nano Lithium Titanate (nLTO) Batteries, 28 kWh
- Engine: central, 250 kW, 6 pole
- Batteries charging from catenary (600 VDC)
- Passengers capacity: 137 (42 seats) – *in the old photo you can see a 1987 double articulated trolleybus with almost 175 passenger capacity, one of the largest model ever (now they have in Geneva)*
- ITS: fleet management computer, 4 EMV validators, 9 video cameras, Passen info display, WIFI
- 5 years warranty
- Consumption: 1,6 – 1,8 kW/km





# Good Practice: City of Brasov, Romania

## Operational info–trolleybuses

- ❑ 4 urban routes which connects 4 city residential areas with the city center
- ❑ 1 Garage
- ❑ Reintroducing trolleybuses toward city center area without investing in infrastructure
- ❑ Transforming 4 bus routes on 4 trolleybus routes
- ❑ New trolleybuses are operating on routes that have 65% catenary and 35% without catenary





# Good Practice: City of Brasov, Romania

## The e-buses projects of Brasov Municipality

### Procurement of 72 e-buses (12 of 18m, 50 of 12m and 10 of 8m), 17 fast charging stations

Value: 45 mil. Euro

Starting in October 2018 – last delivery: 2022

- ❑ Technical data – E-buses : fully low floor, centrally located electric traction motor (rated power: 160 kW, with braking energy recovery), traction batteries (capacity 263 kWh, minimum autonomy 200 km), minimum service life: 5 years ( cell batteries, already changed some cells during the warranty period)
- ❑ Estimated use : 15 years, with 2 changes of bateries





# Good Practice: City of Brasov, Romania

## Development projects of electric public transport in the area of Brașov municipality :

- purchase of another 30 buses\* (also for metropolitan routes)
- introduction of a metropolitan train system\*\*.
- Analyzing the tram system rebuild

\* There is a target to have full ecologic transport in Brasov (city area) in 2027-2028 (trolleybuses, E-buses, Hybrid buses)

\*\* where the line is not electrified, battery operated engines are taken into consideration



# Good Practice: City of Brasov, Romania

## Lessons learned during the implementation:

- Have in mind the power transformer issues\* (also for cities with large power grid)
- Have in mind the use of fast charging station in an sustainable way, for batteries\*\*.
- Training the staff, from bus drivers to tech support teams, and IT specialists is a key issue.

\* There is 400kV major electric line near Brasov, and a network of 110 kV over the whole city, including transformers 110/MT that provide 6kV and 20kV for public distribution line. Still the transport company and municipality have to pay serious money for new transformers and connections for the old/new depot.

\*\* use the fast CS with low power, otherwise the re-equilibration for the cells during the slow-night recharge could be extended with 50% time (from 6 to 9 hours) – check with the supplier if the fast charging is not decrease the life cycle of batteries.



# Good Practice: City of Brasov, Romania

## Final ideas, learned during the process :

- Have in mind the capacity of IT equipment to process the data you will receive from the equipment\*
- Look forward to get as much technical support ( for designing the whole project, and also for the Terms of reference for purchasing equipment and vehicles) as you can, before you start – fixing the problems on the spot , during the process , is quite challenging. 😊
- Start in small, develop later major projects. First hand experience is quite good as gold 😊

\* Systems for Management of the traffic and the fleet, including IA, for large data (or even Biga Data) processing are very important





# Thank you!

Sava CHISER

sava.chiser@adrcentru.ro

Phone +40721217217

<https://regio-adrcentru.ro/programare-2021-2027>

<http://www.adrcentru.ro>



**Interreg  
Europe**



European Union | European Regional Development Fund