

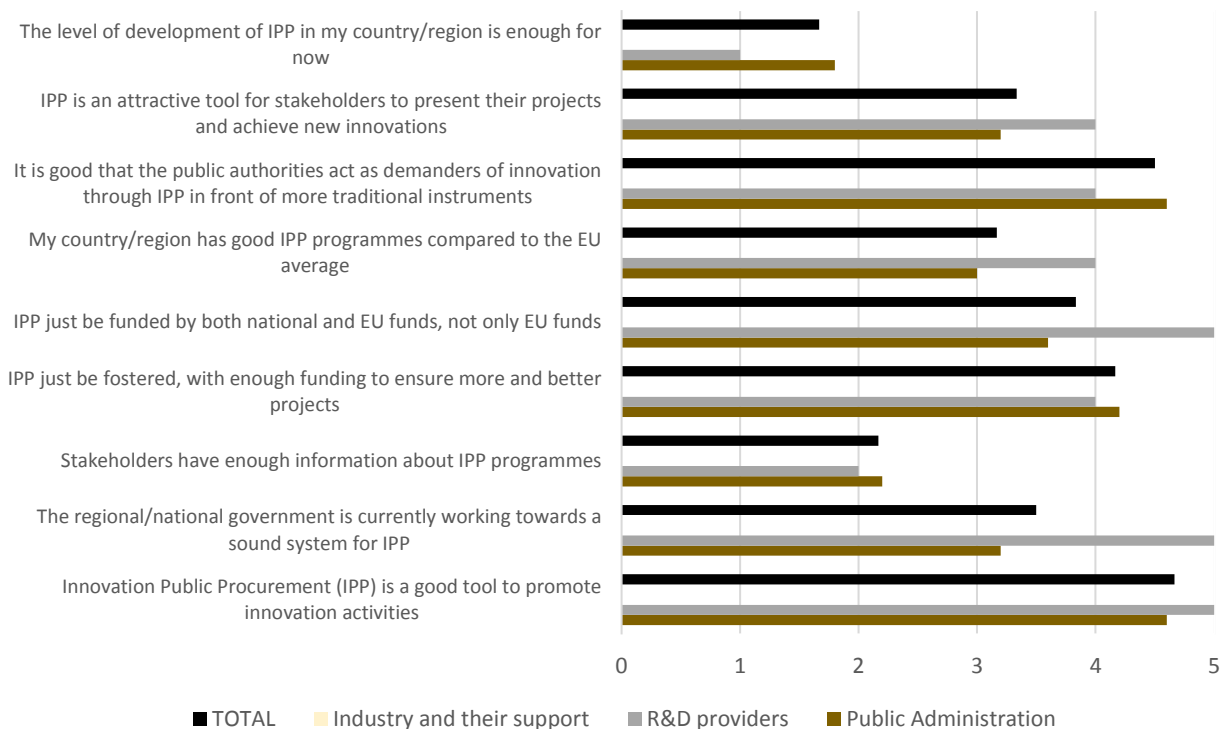
QUESTIONNAIRES - Finland, by the Baltic Institute of Finland

1.1. Respondents

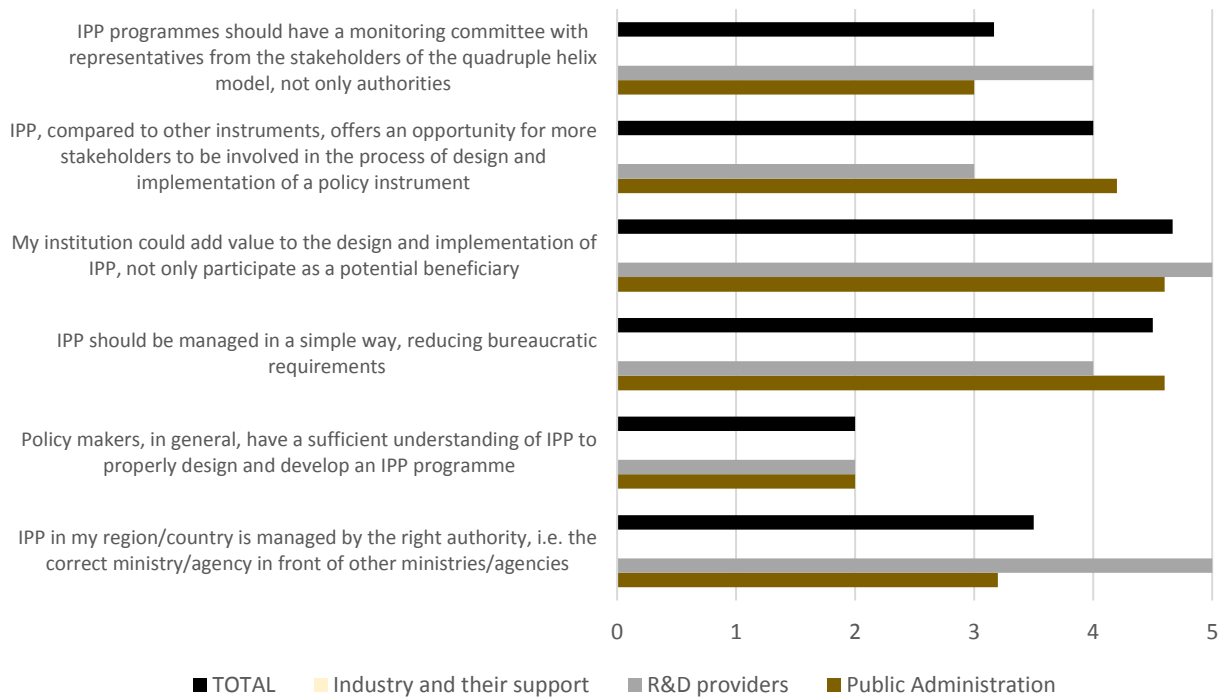
Type of stakeholder	Number
Public administration (national, regional)	4
Public agency linked to a public administration	2
Higher education institution	
Research or technology centre	1
Other R&D providers or associations	
Business support association or similar	
Medium company (between 50 and 249 employees)	
Small company (between 10 and 49 employees)	

READING THE GRAPHS: 0 = totally disagree, 5 = totally agree

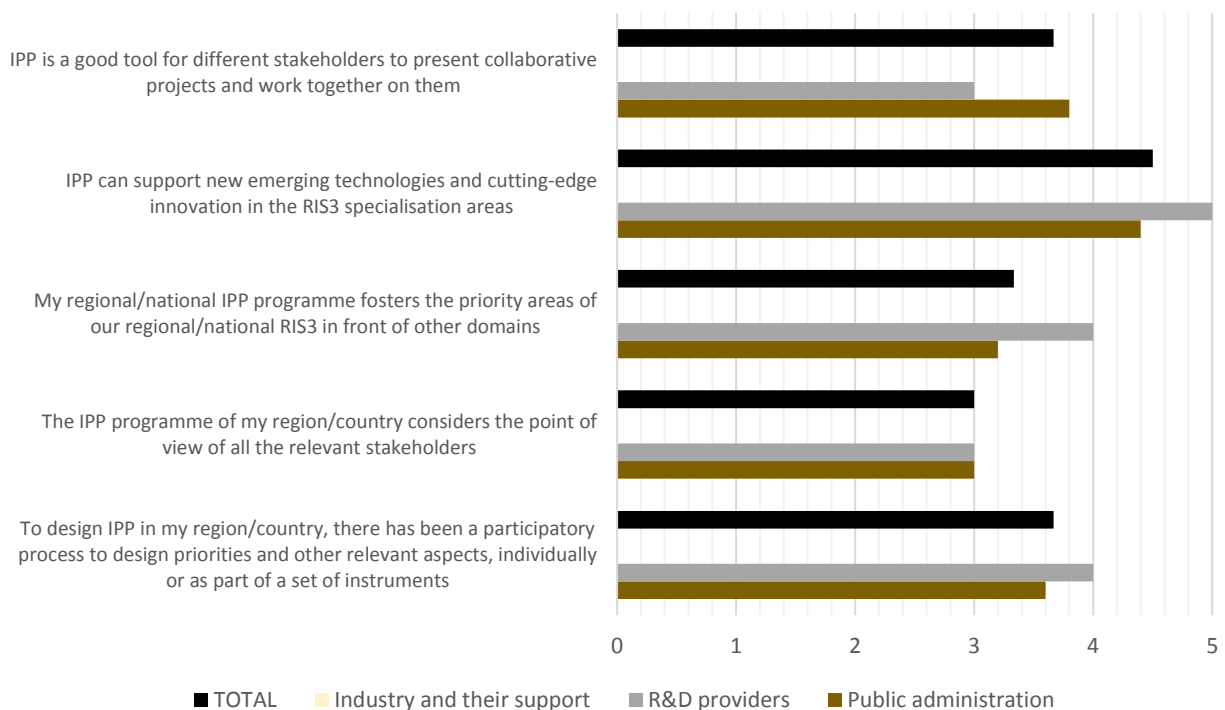
1.2. Current state of the instrument



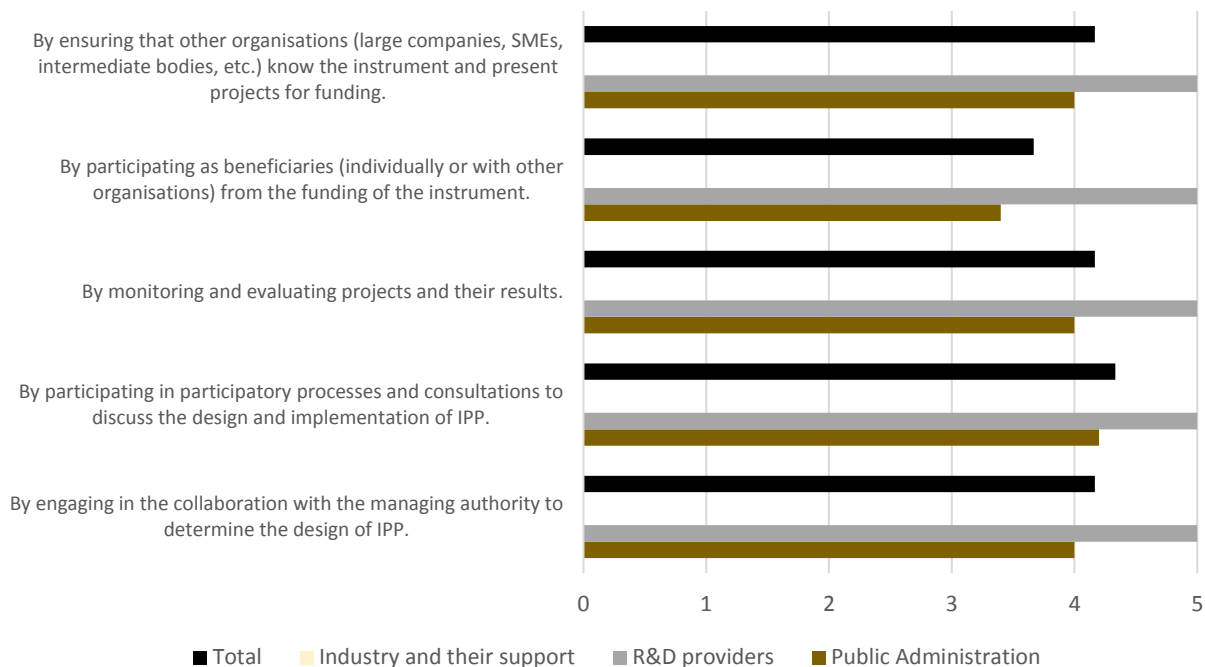
1.3. Governance



1.3. Entrepreneurial discovery process and RIS3



1.4. How can responding stakeholders contribute to improve the instrument?



1.5. Conclusions

Questionnaires was filled in by total of 7 respondents. The clear thing is that IPP definitely needs more development to become a more regular tool in innovation development. In addition, more information about the IPP is needed among the stakeholders. In general, in Finland there are quite good opportunities to get funding for IPP from many sources, from not only the EU and the Finnish government is currently working towards sound IPP system.

Regarding the governance of the IPP programmes, the policymakers do not have enough sufficient understanding of IPP to be able to design IPP programmes. All the respondents agreed that their organizations can add value in the IPP design process and the IPP process is seen more participatory compared to regular procurement processes. In IPP management, the simplicity is the key i.e. the less bureaucracy the better.

All the respondents share the opinion that IPP can support new emerging technologies and cutting-edge innovation in the RIS3 specialization areas. The point of view of all the relevant stakeholders related to IPP program is considered quite well, but there is also need to engage more stakeholder into the process.

Especially R&D organizations think that they can contribute to the improvement of the instrument in many ways (all means mentioned in the questionnaire). Providing sufficient information about the funding and projects related to the IPP is considered important as well as ensuring proper evaluation and monitoring of the projects. To enable participation in to participatory processes and consultations to discuss the design and implementation of the IPP was considered important among public administration when the cooperation with the MA was seen a bit less important in determination of design of IPP.