

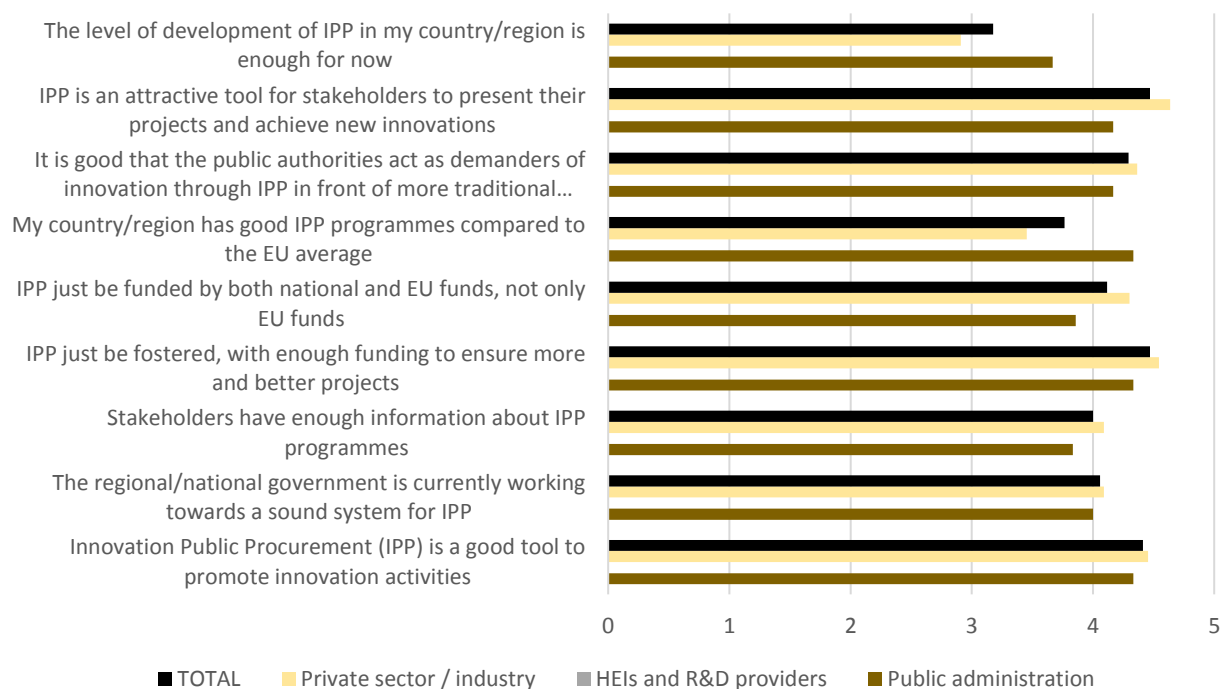
# QUESTIONNAIRES - by Region of Sterea Ellada

## 1.1. Respondents

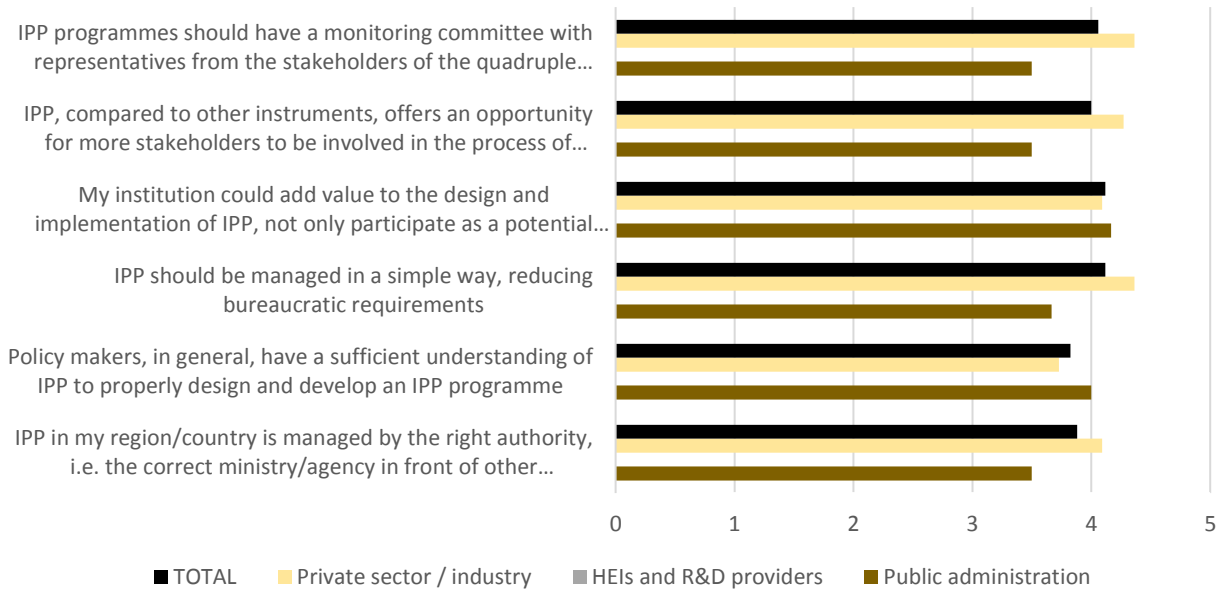
Type of stakeholder	Number
Public administration (national, regional)	6
Business support association or similar	9
Medium company (between 50 and 249 employees)	1
Small company (between 10 and 49 employees)	1

**READING THE GRAPHS:** 0 = totally disagree, 5 = totally agree

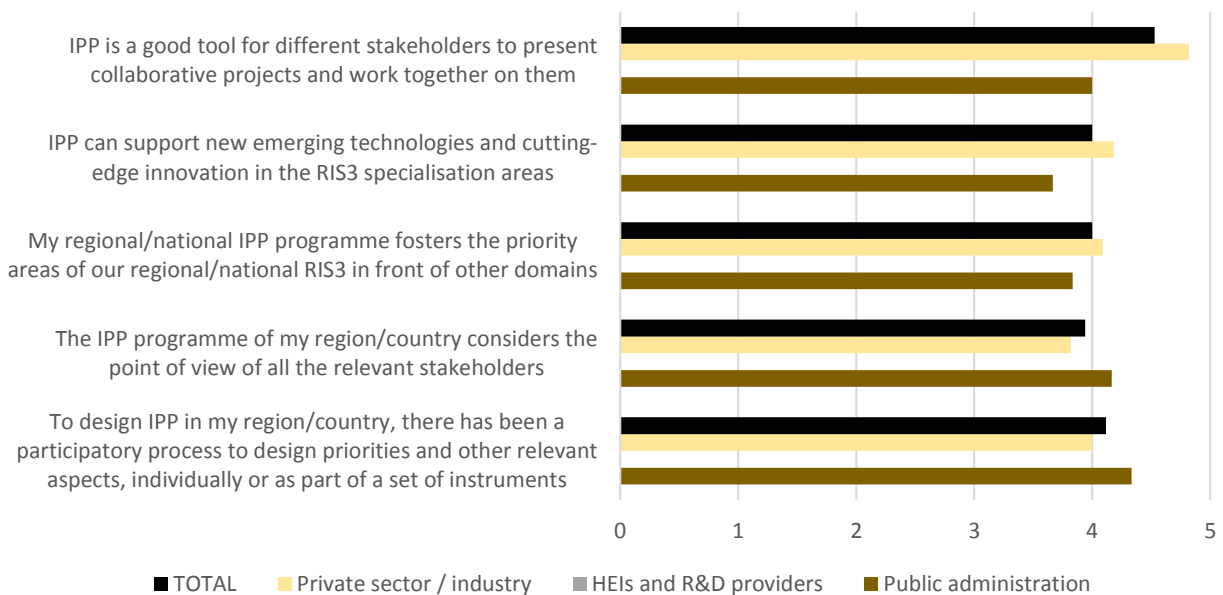
## 1.2. Current state of the instrument



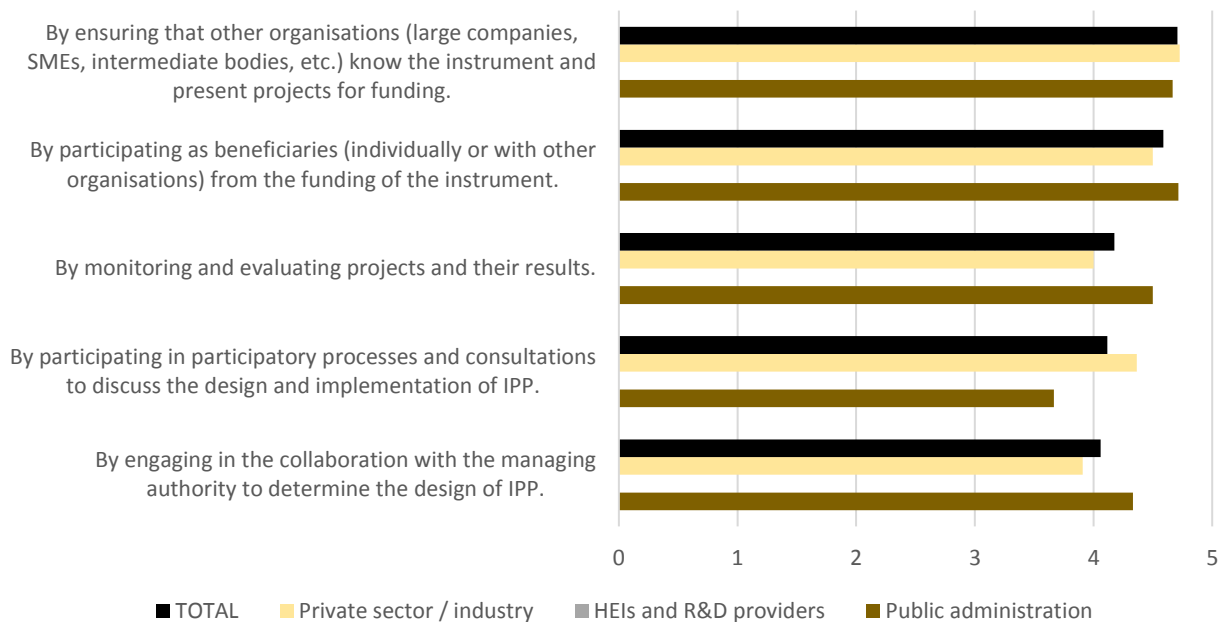
### 1.3. Governance



### 1.3. Entrepreneurial discovery process and RIS3



#### 1.4. How can responding stakeholders contribute to improve the instrument?



#### 1.5. Conclusions

Questionnaires were filled by 6 respondents from the public administration and 11 respondents from the private sector. Regarding the current state of the instrument, all respondents from different groups provided similar answers. There was no dispute identified on the clear and definite benefits of IPP on a national/regional level, while in essence the Region’s efforts towards conceptualizing and realizing IPP instruments were recognized. However, there is strong concern among the responders regarding the current state of innovation procurement in the country, with the private sector being more troubled by the situation.

Clearly, all responders agreed regarding the governance of the IPP programmes, that their institutions could add value to the design and implementation of IPP. However, representatives from the private sector were more positive regarding the participation of more stakeholders from the quadruple helix model and the necessity for a simplification of IPP procedures. Representatives of public administration raised some concerns regarding the management of IPP by the right authority.

Regarding the relation of RIS3 and IPP in the Region, all responders have similar opinions with two points standing out. First of all, representatives from the private sector were absolutely positive when asked about the opportunities that IPP presents for different stakeholders to introduce collaborative projects and work together on them. Secondly, public administration representatives were the only ones having a questioning standpoint when asked about the capacity of IPPs to support new emerging technologies and cutting-edge innovation in the RIS3 areas.

Finally, talking about the improvement of the instrument, all stakeholders agreed that their institutions can play an important role in the process in all underlying aspects. However, public administration representatives were more neutral regarding their participation in participatory processes and consultations to discuss the design and implementation of IPP, whereas private sector responders see their entities more active in capacity building and knowledge transfer activities.