

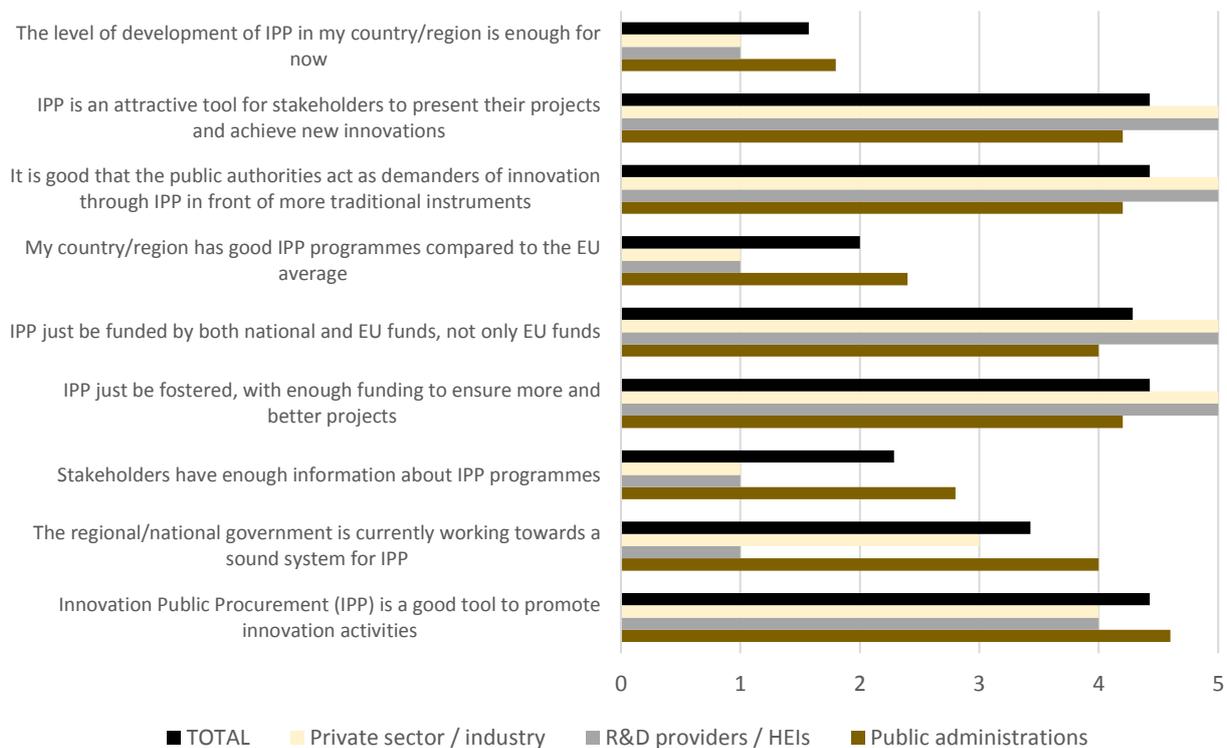
# QUESTIONNAIRES – Balearic Islands, by BIT Foundation

## 1.1. Respondents

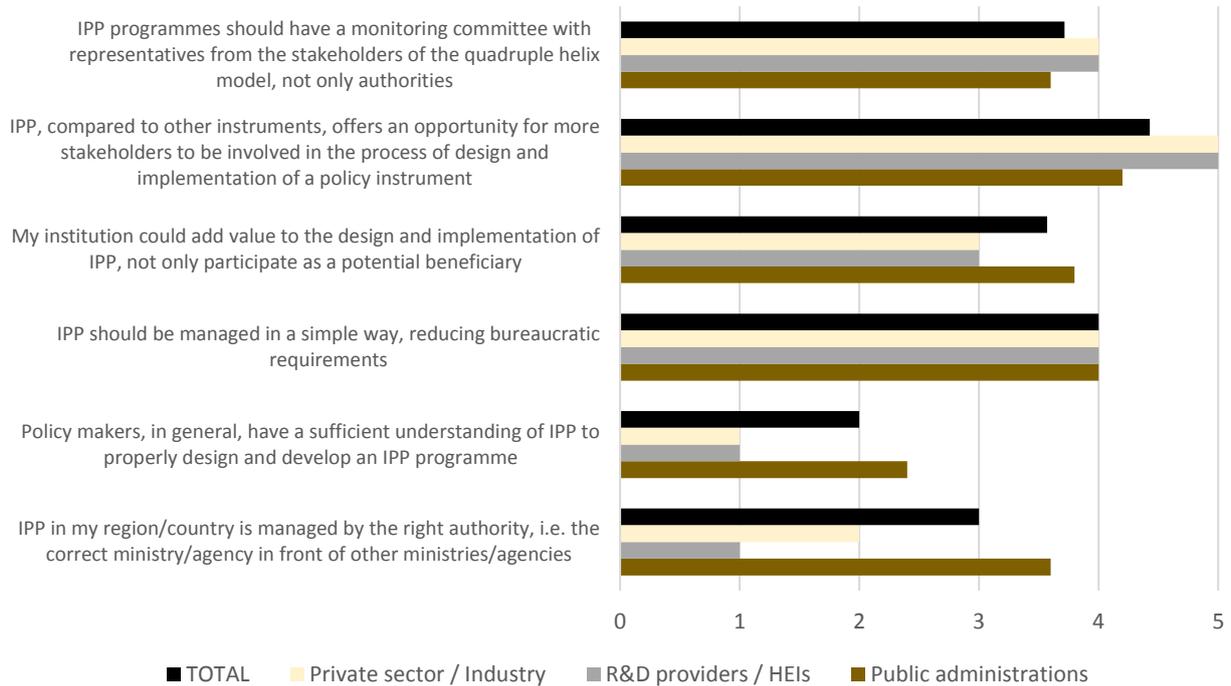
Type of stakeholder	Number
Public administration (national, regional)	4
Public agency linked to a public administration	1
Research or technology centre	1
Business support association or similar	1

**READING THE GRAPHS:** 0 = totally disagree, 5 = totally agree

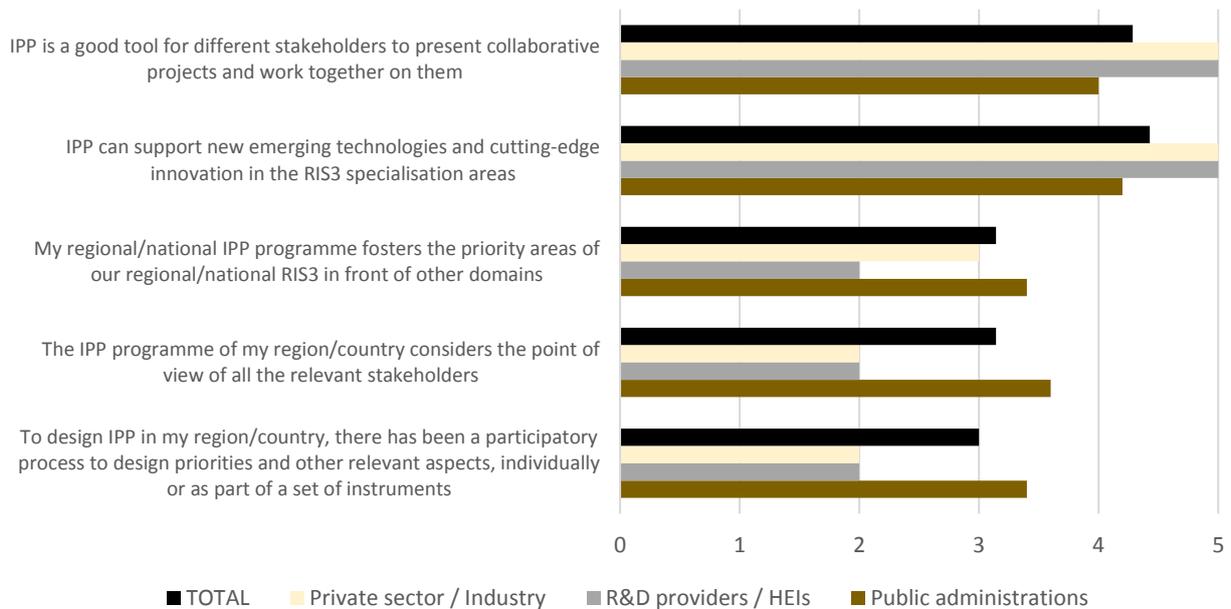
## 1.2. Current state of the instrument



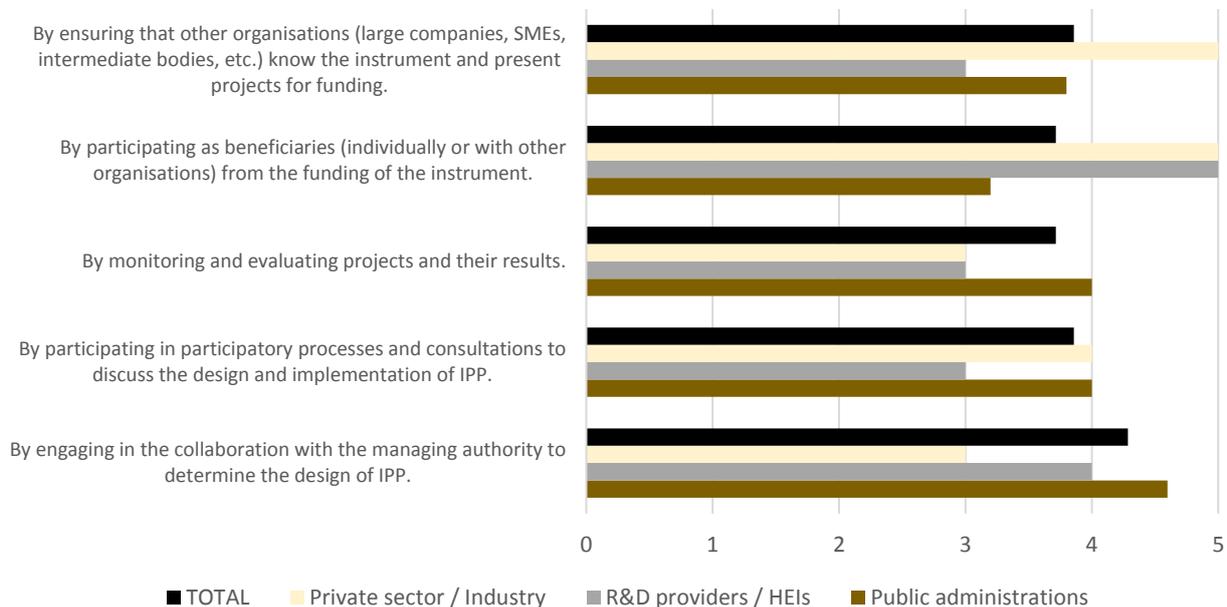
### 1.3. Governance



### 1.4. Entrepreneurial discovery process and RIS3



## 1.6. How can responding stakeholders contribute to improve the instrument?



## 1.5. Conclusions

The questionnaire has been filled in by a total of 7 stakeholders. Most respondents belong to the public sector, specifically 4 regional general directions of the government of the Balearic Islands, 1 innovation agency linked to the public administration, 1 research and technology centre with part of public capital and only one representative of the private sector. Therefore, the results may not reflect a clear picture, although they do show some particularities that are exposed below in these conclusions.

Regarding the current state of the instrument, stakeholders conclude that the level of development of the IPP in the region is still low and compared with other European regions is still in an early stage. In general, all agree that IPP is a good tool to promote innovation activities. However, there is an appreciable difference in the perception between the public and private stakeholders in terms of available information of IPP programs and on the valuation of the regional IPP strategy.

With regards to governance issues, the results show that stakeholders have a good predisposition to collaborate and IPP programs must be managed in an agile way. However, public and private stakeholders split their opinions in relation to the IPP understanding for its design and on the leadership of IPP programs in the region.

When it comes to the relation of RIS3 and IPP, most stakeholders agree that IPP can support emerging technologies and cutting-edge innovations in RIS3 specialization areas and that IPP encourages stakeholders to present collaborative projects and work together on them. When asked about the design of IPP programs in relation to the stakeholders, private sector and research centers consider that the design of IPP in the region has not been originated from a participatory process and their point of view have not been fully considered. Therefore, again there is a gap between the public administration and private sector opinions.

The contribution to the improvement of the instrument is rated slightly different depending on the stakeholder sector and the actions to be developed. On the one hand, the results of the private sector and R&D centres show that their role consist more in the participation as a beneficiary and in the disclosure of the IPP program than in the monitoring process. Moreover, in the consultation and design process, the results show that they would like to participate but in a more neutral way. On the other hand, the public administration tends to be more regular in all aspects when it comes to improve the instrument.