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Engaging stakeholders and citizens in sustainable mobility planning with the use of marketing techniques

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What is a participatory approach?

A participatory approach is a tailor-made mixture of actions that target "the public" with the objective of promoting an initiative. Each time the relevant 'public' depends upon the topic being addressed.

The main objective is to inform, engage, motivate and inspire the participants in order to place the participants at the centre of the policy making and initiate behavioural change patterns







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SUMPs 'sealing' the need for a participatory approach







To create opportunities by bringing the user's experiential knowledge into the planning process



To increase the level of acceptance of the SUMP and its proposed interventions





To support behavioral change towards adopting sustainable mobility habits



To narrow the "gap" between authorities and citizens – build trust and long-lasting relationship

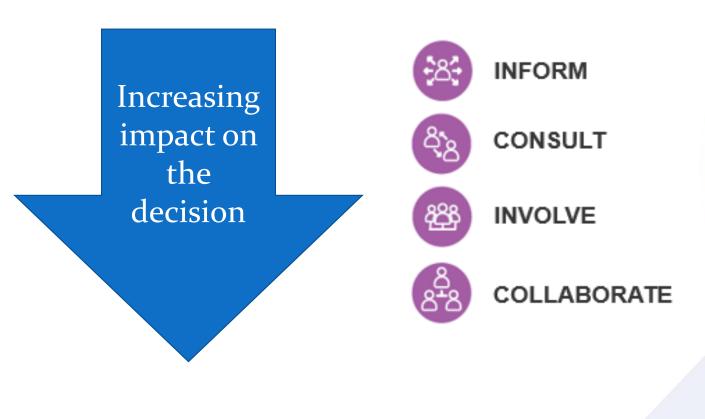
Challenging to develop and implement an effective engagement strategy!!

The 4 key elements of an engagement strategy

Participatory Planning

| Participants | WHO is affected, interested, or can contribute? | Citizens Stakeholders |
|---------------------------|---|---|
| Level of participation | DOES everyone participate during the entire process, and to WHAT extend? | Inform Consult Involve Collaborate |
| Timeframe | WHEN and HOW shall the engagement process be implemented? | the process's steps the action's context the duration and preparation time the number of participants |
| Cost | WHAT is the available budget? | Available budget to cover all expenses and actions |

Participatory process in SUMP cycle (through the spectrum of public participation)





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Marketing techniques and engagement methods

A marketing technique refers to the combination of promotional strategies and the use of appropriate engagement methods The objective is to engage "the public" to get informed, participate or get actively involved the process.



Word of Mouth communication (WOM)

A process of storytelling and knowledge spread, using viral communication methods.

SCOPE

- to rapidly spread information about an initiative
- to attract public interest by using vivid artworks
- to cover a wide range of target group audience through several mediums
- to engage broad by using casual wording

Engagement Methods [indicative list]

Raise Awareness campaign

promotional campaign

possible.

uses several tools in order to

reach as many individuals as



Public Events



- Events that include interactive activities
- raising awareness, by creating opportunities to inform the public about issues and projects that are being explored.

Cause Marketing

A marketing technique that focuses on social or charity causes while promoting social responsibility.

SCOPE

- to engage the public rationally and emotionally
- to promote social responsibility

Engagement Methods [indicative list]

Raise Awareness campaign

promotional campaign

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Public Events



- Events that include interactive activities
- raising awareness, by creating opportunities to inform the public about issues and projects that are being explored.

Digital Marketing*

The component of marketing that utilizes internet and online based digital technologies such as desktop and mobile media, digital apps and other platforms to promote services and products.

Types

Social Media Marketing

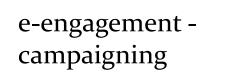
A technique that primarily uses blogs or communicative platforms such as Twitter, Facebook, Instagram, YouTube, Snapchat

Online Marketing

A technique that primarily uses mobile and desktop media with platforms or Web based apps

Engagement Methods [indicative list]

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 the use of information technology (IT) and digital tools to facilitate the process of engagement

e-participation - crowdsourcing



- the utilization of information and communication technology
- to motivate and engage wider citizens through diverse modes of technical and communicative skills.

*Digital Marketing is the revolution of WOM communication. The scope of this techniques follows the same principles as WOM communication.

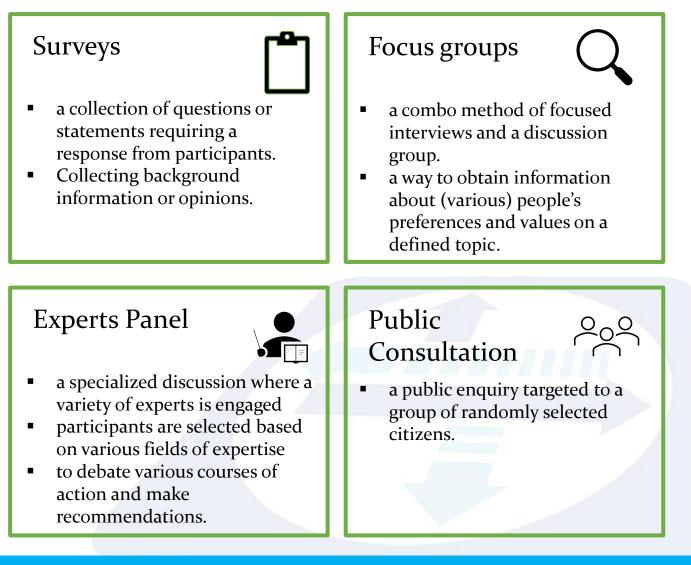
Dialogue Marketing

All marketing activities in which media is used with the intention of establishing an interactive communication channel with individuals.

SCOPE

- to understand and positively influence interactive relationships with individuals and their attitudes towards topics and issues
- to pursue simple and effective communication goals
- to create safe spaces that establish openness to sharing ideas and welcoming difference of opinion

Engagement Methods [indicative list]



Relationship Marketing

A form of marketing that emphasizes in specific target groups with the intention of building long lasting relations. Communication is extended beyond informing, as commodity exchange that instrumentalize features of partnership.

SCOPE

- to build long lasting relationships with specific target groups
- to involve many interaction levels, where both the provider and recipient have an interest in a more satisfying exchange

Engagement Methods [indicative list]

Workshops



Participatory Mapping



- a set of approaches and techniques that combines the tools of modern cartography with participatory methods
- represents the spatial knowledge of local communities.

• an intensive planning session

 citizens, designers and others collaborate on a vision for development

The Wheel of persuassion

It is a marketing technique where scientific insights on the psychology of conversion, are used for persuading the targeted audience. It is a form of marketing that evolves around the art of human persuasion.

SCOPE

 to alter the behavioural patterns by changing the common perspective on the explored issues

Engagement Methods [indicative list]

Capacity Building



- It is a continuous and reciprocal process of adjusting people's attitudes, values and organizational practices.
- It builds up appropriate knowledge and skills among various stakeholders and citizens in a partnership
- It strengthens each partner's ability to make effective decisions and take full responsibility of the consequences of such decisions.



Guerrilla Marketing

An advertisement strategy which uses surprise and unconventional interactions in order to promote a concept

SCOPE

- to link emotional responses and provoke recipients to relate to issues differently than they are accustomed to
- to use "out of the box" tactics to promote an idea / an initiative

Engagement Methods [indicative list]

interventions of a temporary

implemented on trial base,

permanent transformation in

leading towards a more

Pilot Interventions

character

the future.



Gaming



- a game based approach where participants act out and experience interactions of community activities.
- real-life situations, compressed in time so that the essential characteristics of the problem are open to examination

Undercover Marketing

A process of storytelling and knowledge spread, using viral communication methods.

SCOPE

- to rapidly spread information about an initiative
- to attract public interest by using vivid artworks
- to cover a wide range of target group audience through several mediums
- to engage broad by using casual wording

Engagement Methods [indicative list]

 an instructional strategy with the aim to increase engagement, motivation, and participation

Gamification

 Online/ app interface integrated with game strategies such as point scoring, competition features, rules of play Popular Events

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- an indirect form of promotion where the popularity of a current event is capitalized in order to gather attention for an additional issue.

Ambassador campaign



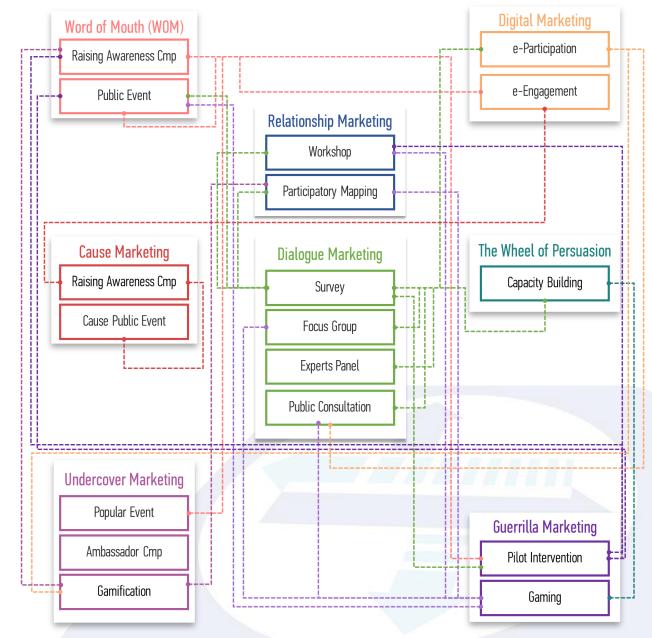
- a form of indirect promotion by collaborating with important public figures (celebrities, opinion-leaders, influencers)
- The "Ambassador" is responsible for delivering a consistent but indirect message that will cultivate relationships with the vision and goals of each initiative.

Complementarity of methods

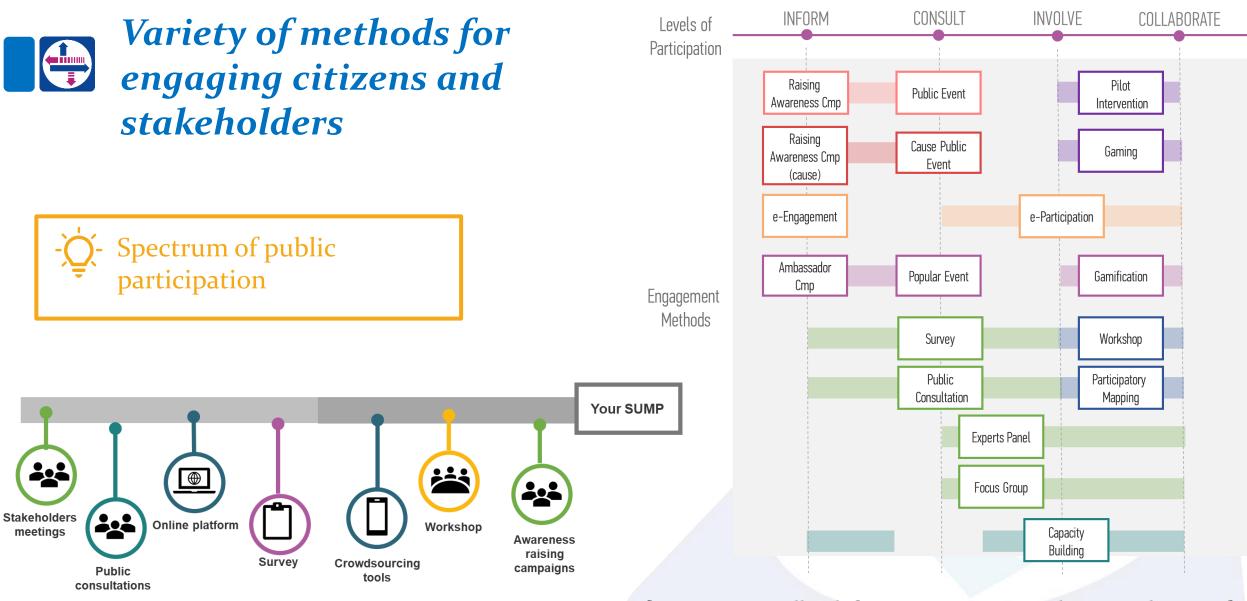


Method complementarity

Most of the methods can work as standalone exercises but when combined with others they provide better results and more extended participants' outreach.



[e-smartec Handbook for success tips on marketing techniques]



[e-smartec Handbook for success tips on marketing techniques]



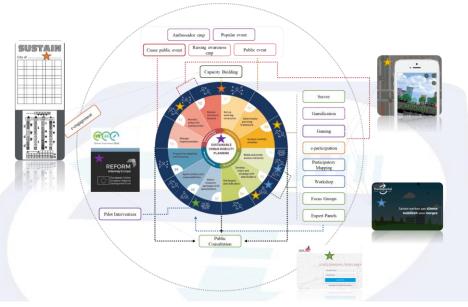
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https://www.interregeurope.eu/e-smartec/news/newsarticle/13002/how-to-build-the-engagement-strategy-of-a-sump/



The MOBENGAGE-RADAR: Engagement methods and (44) best practices linked with the SUMP cycle

Tips for developing and implementing a successfulengagement strategy

- Understanding the value of the bottom up approach and securing resources for it is the starting point
- There is **no** "one solution fits all"
- **Continuous** investment in public awareness and engagement actions is required > building a "culture" or leveraging on an existing one
- The **combination** of engagement methods and tools increases the success
- A **well-planned** mixture of low-budget, but still attractive campaigns and meetings with free online tools offering interactive elements can be the answer to low budget availability
- Leave **no one behind:** plan for engagement methods that can eventually include all affected parts (even the ones that are hard to reach)

Tips for developing and implementing a successfulengagement strategy

- Be aware of **"participation fatigue"**
- Use the appropriate "language" based on your target group (i.e. avoid being too "technical" when reaching the wider public
- Clarify your **expectations** and everyone's **role** in the process
- Don't be afraid to set "uncomfortable" questions or receive "uncomfortable" answers > be open and honest
- Ensure follow up: how the SUMP has been informed by the citizens'/ stakeholders opinion > link to milestones of the SUMP process



Any questions?









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